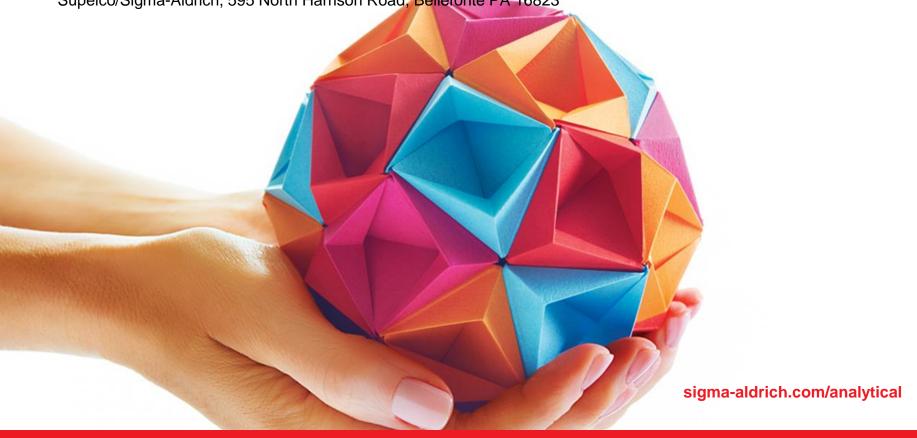
## SUPELCO Measurement of the Potential Exposure to Isocyanate Monomers and Oligomers **During Spray Painting**

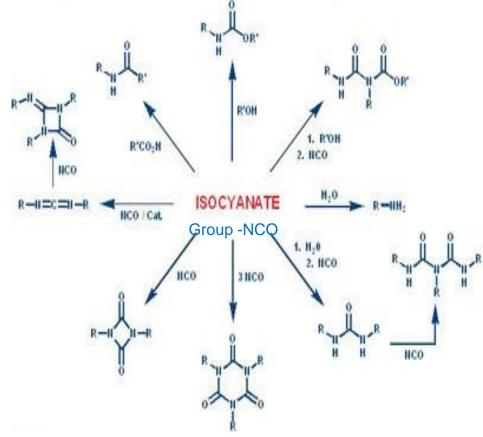
Gary Y Oishi, Jamie L. Brown, Emily R. Barrey, Olga I. Shimelis, Michael R. Halpenny, Kristen L. Schultz Supelco/Sigma-Aldrich, 595 North Harrison Road, Bellefonte PA 16823



Solutions within.

### What is an isocyanate? (chemistry)





Isocyanate + polyol (compound with many alcohol groups) = polyurethane

$$R^1-N=C=O + R^2-O-H \longrightarrow R^1-N-C-O-R^2$$



## **Isocyanates In the News:**

January 8, 2015 – US EPA issues rule proposal limiting the US of TDI chemicals in consumer products.

2014 – Worker exposure to TDI at Automotive manufacturing plant in Selma, LA gains national attention

June 25, 2013 – OSHA NEP on isocyanate exposure in the workplace

April 2013 – 1,2-MP and other piperazine banned in UK as Class C drugs of abuse.

April 13, 2011 – EPA Action Plan on MDI & TDI



### **Isocyanates Exposure**

Isocyanates exposure is universal

### **Health Risks**

- Respiratory: Asthma leading cause of occupational asthma; difficulty breathing [Johnson et al. 2004; Wisnewski et al. 2006]
- Musculoskeletal: Chest pains
- Irritation of mucous membranes; dermatitis
- Cancer: Aromatic isocyanates (Europe)
- Death: MIC, Union Carbide (Bhopal, India)



#### NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Hexamethylene diisocyanate (HDI) (CAS No. 822-06-0) Isophorone diisocyanate (IPDI) (CAS No. 4098-71-9) Methyl isocyanate (MIC) (CAS No. 624-83-9) Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)(MDI) (CAS No. 101-68-8) Naphthalene diisocyanate (NDI) (CAS No. 3173-72-6) Toluene-2,4-diisocyanate (TDI) (CAS No. 584-84-9)

Isocyanate Species	NIOSH REL (ug/m3)	ACGIH TLV (ug/m3)
TDI	CA (lowest feasible)	36
MDI	50	51
HDI	35	34
HMDI	None	54
IPDI	45	45
NDI	40	None
TRIG (total reactive isocyanate group)	None	None



## **Facts**

Isocyanates are a main component in the production of polyurethane (PUR) materials

Exposure to isocyanates can put workers at risk for respiratory disorders like "occupational asthma"

Not only monomers pose a health risk



## **How Isocyanate Exposure Occurs**

Application – before curing is complete





Thermal degradation - Grinding, Cutting, Welding







### **Current Test Methods**

#### NIOSH Method 2535 - TDI

- Glass tube with (N-[(4-nitrophenyl)methyl]-propylamine on glass wool
- HPLC UV

#### **ASTM D5932 - TDI**

- Segregating device containing with a glass fiber filter impregnated with 9-(N-methylaminomethy) anthracene
- HPLC UV/Fluorescence

#### ASTM D6561 - oligomeric HDI

- Segregating device containing a polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) filter
- HPLC UV

#### OSHA 42/47 - TDI, HDI, MDI

- Filter cassette with glass fiber filter impregnated with 1-(2-pyridyl)piperazine
- HPLC UV

#### ISO 17734-1:2013 – monomeric and oligomeric

- Filter cassette + denuder with glass fiber filter impregnated with dibutylamine
- LC-MS/MS





### **Experiment-Overview**

Spray painting using an automotive clear coat

Painting was done for a continuous length of time

Collect personal and area samples

Quantitative analysis was performed accordingly to the specific sampler



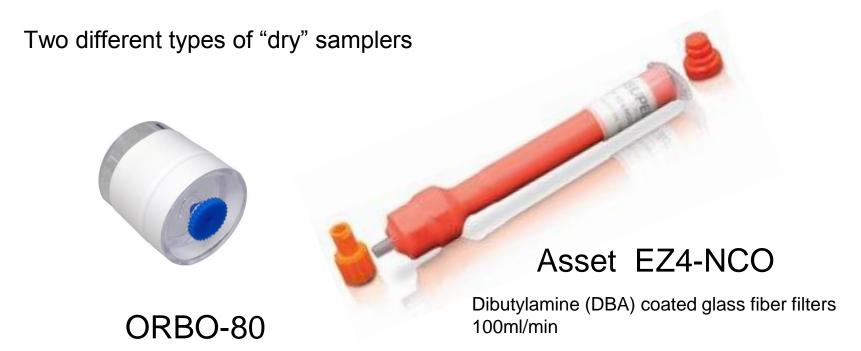


Two part clear coat was used to spray paint a car hood









1-(2-pyridyl)piperazine (1-2PP) coated glass fiber filter 1L/min per OSHA 42/47



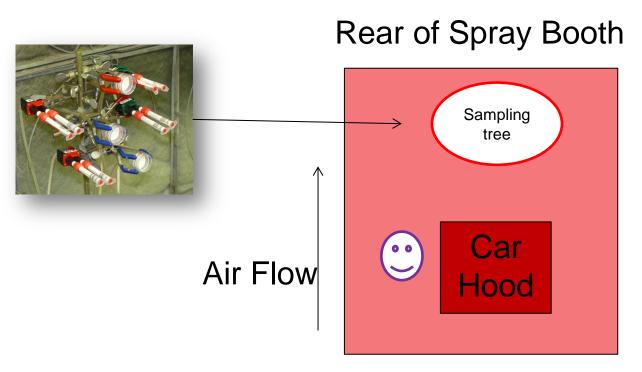
Two types of samples (Personal and Area)







The sampling tree was placed in the rear of the spray booth



Not to scale



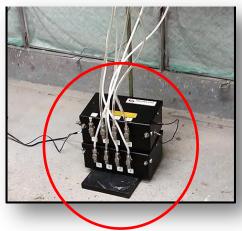


### Sampling rates:

- ORBO-80 1 L/min per OSHA 42/47
- Asset EZ4-NCO 100 ml/min

## Sampling Time: 15 minutes

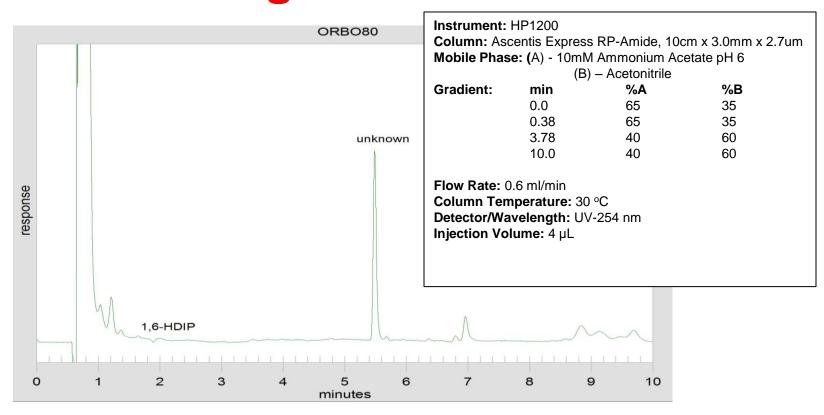








## Chromatogram – ORBO-80

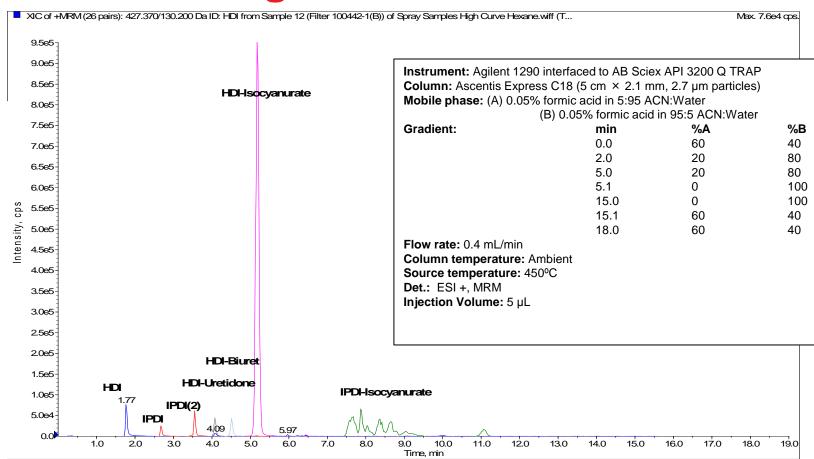


LC-UV chromatogram of the resulting extract from the ORBO-80 sampler used for spray booth sampling.





## **Chromatogram - ASSET**



LC-MS/MS chromatogram for an ASSET area sampler used for spray booth sampling





### **Calibration Standards**

### **ASSET - CRM**

#### Monomer: Dibutylamine derivative

- EIC (Ethyl isocyanate)
- HDI (Hexamethylene diisocyanate)
- HMDI (Dicyclohexylmethane 4,4'-diisocyanate)
- ICA (Isocyanic acid)
- IPDI (Isophorone diisocyanate)
- MIC (Methyl isocyanate)
- 4,4'-MDI (Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate)
- PhI (Phenyl isocyanate)
- PIC (Propyl isocyanate)
- 2,4 and 2,6 -TDI (Toluene diisocyanate)
- m-TMXDI (m-tetramethylxylene diisocyanate)

### **ORBO-80**

#### Monomers: 1-(2-pyridyl)piperazine derivative

- HDI (Hexamethylene diisocyanate)
- 4,4' -MDI (Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate)
- 2,4 and 2,6 -TDI (Toluene diisocyanate)

#### Oligomers: Dibutylamine derivative

- HDI-Biuret
- HDI-Isocyanurate
- HDI-Uretdione
- IPDI-Isocyanurate
- MDI-Trimer
- MDI-Tetramers







## **Results from Personal Samples**



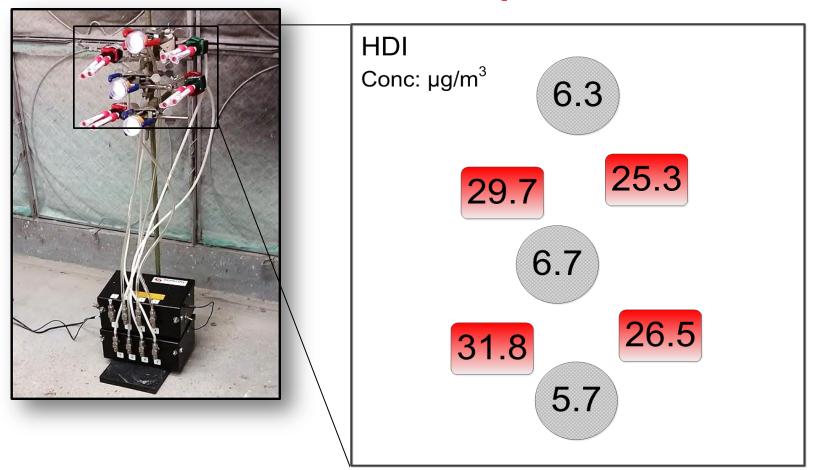
**ASSET** 

**ORBO-80** 





## **Results from Area Samples**



Red squares represent ASSET samplers, grey circles are ORBO-80 samplers.



## Results (µg/m³) from Area Samples(ASSET)

Analyte	M.W.	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3	Sample 4
HDI	168.2	25.3	29.7	26.5	31.8
HDI-Biuret	478.6	21.5	26.9	22.8	27.1
HDI- Isocyanurate	504.6	7022.4	8602.1	7796.8	9866.4
HDI- Uretidone	336.4	50.2	61.3	51.5	66.4
IPDI	222.3	8.6	8.9	8.5	10.0
IPDI(2)	222.3	2.3	2.6	2.4	3.0
IPDI- Isocyanurate	666.9	5160.8	5801.4	5177.9	6887.9



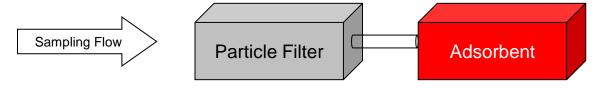
## Results (µg/m³) from Area Samples(ORBO-80)

Analyte	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
2,6-TDI	ND<4.5	ND<4.6	ND<4.5
1,6-HDI	6.3	6.7	5.7
2,4-TDI	ND<4.5	ND<4.6	ND<4.5
4,4-MDI	ND<5.6	ND<5.7	ND<5.6



## The ASSET Sampler Works Differently

Typically the filter is placed <u>before</u> the vapor collection device when sampling for both vapors and particulates.



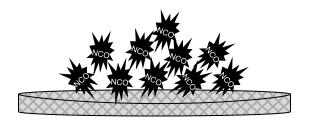
The ASSET Sampler works Differently......the filter is placed <u>after</u> the vapor collection device (denuder). The vapors collect in the denuder, while the particles pass through to the filter.



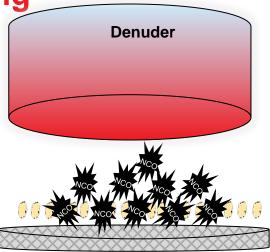




Reagent Depletion – During Sampling



Filter





37mm Filter Cassette



### Limit of Quantification: LC-MS/MS vs. LC-MS

Calibration concentration range: 5-280 ng/mL

Compound	MS (ng/mL)	MS/MS (ng/mL)
ICA	5.00	1.000
MIC	25.00	3.000
EIC	15.00	4.000
PIC	10.00	10.000
Phl	3.00	0.400
HDI	2.00	0.500
2,6-TDI	3.00	0.030
2,4-TDI	3.00	0.030
IPDI-1	4.00	0.400
IPDI-2	4.00	0.400
MDI	3,00	2.000





## **Key Differences**

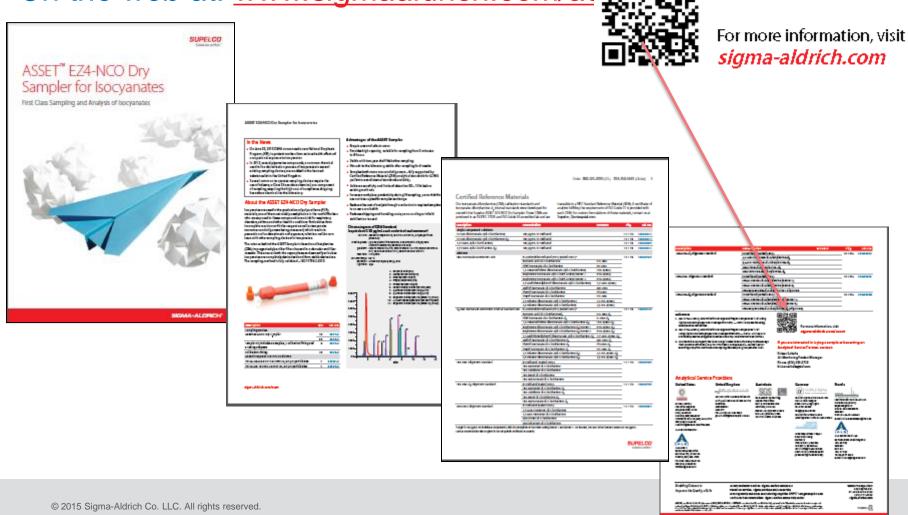
- Calibration standards
- Analytical technique
- Sampler design



# For More Information on the Dry Sampler, visit our website or request the flyer.

4-Page Flyer – T412089 (OTB)

On the web at: www.sigmaaldrich.com/as



## **Conclusions**

- The possible improvement that sampler design could provide
- The LC-MS/MS analysis detected and confirmed the identity of isocyanate compounds and provided accurate quantitation with the use of derivative specific and deuterated derivative standards
- Predominant airborne species (oligomers) were HDIisocyanurate and IPDI-isocyanurate
- Higher levels of oligomers in comparison to monomer levels





## Thank You!

## Questions?

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